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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/021,130	10/22/2001	Toshikazu Hamamoto	JG-YY-4993CIP / 500569.20	5234
26418	7590 03/02/2004		EXAMINER	
REED SMI	TH, LLP	RUTHKOSKY, MARK		
ATTN: PAT	ENT RECORDS DEPA	RTMENT FLOOR	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
NEW YORK	GTON AVENUE, 29TH C, NY 10022-7650	LOOK	1745	

DATE MAILED: 03/02/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	. 1				
		10/021,130	HAMAMOTO ET A	L. 106				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	· Art Unit					
	.	Mark Ruthkosky						
	The MAILING DATE of this communi	cation appears on the cover	sheet with the correspondence add	iress				
Period fo								
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIONS of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) period for reply is specified above, the maximum stare to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, howen unication. of ays, a reply within the statutory minutory period will apply and will expire will by statute, cause the application to the statute.	ever, may a reply be timely filed nimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this co	mmunication.				
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on <u>22 October 2001</u> .						
,	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practic	ce under Ex parte Quayle,	1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	ion of Claims	•						
4)⊠	4) Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	Claim(s) <u>13-34</u> is/are allowed.							
•	Claim(s) <u>1,3-7 and 10-12</u> is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) 2,8 and 9 is/are objected to.							
.8)[Claim(s) are subject to restric	tion and/or election require	ment.					
Applicat	ion Papers		•					
9)[The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
11)[_]	The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. Note the	e attached Oπice Action or form P1	U-152.				
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
-	Acknowledgment is made of a claim ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	for foreign priority under 3	5 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
	•		ave been received in this National	Stage				
	application from the Internatio							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmer	nt(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)								
2) Noti 3) Info	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Frmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or er No(s)/Mail Date	E) I	Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTC) Other:	D-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Priority

Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 3, 7, 10, and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yoshimitsu (US 4,888,255.)

The instant claims are to a non-aqueous secondary battery and an electrolytic solution for a battery wherein the electrolytic solution contains a substituted diphenyldisulfide derivative of a claimed formula in an amount of 0.01 to 5 weight percent based on the amount of electrolytic solution.

Yoshimitsu (US 4,888,255) teaches a non-aqueous electrochemical cell. The cell contains an anode, a cathode, an electrolyte and a separator (see example 1.) Charging and discharge of the cell are noted throughout the patent (including col. 7, lines 1-20.) An aromatic compound is added to the electrolyte solution (col. 3, line 60) that may be diphenyl disulfide and derivatives thereof including halogens (see col. 4, lines 9-18.) The amount of aromatic

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compound is added in the amount of 0.01 mol/L (claims.) Solvent systems including propylene carbonate are noted in column 3. Thus, the claims are anticipated.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 4, 5, 6 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takami et al. (US 5,340,670) in view of Yoshimitsu (US 4,888,255.)

Takami et al teaches a lithium secondary battery comprising as electrode assembly including a lithium intercalated carbonaceous anode, a lithium complex oxide cathode (claim 11) and a non-aqueous electrolyte including various lithium salts (claim 8) in a mixed solvent solution including ethylene carbonate and butyrolactone (claims 6 and 7.) The carbonaceous material has an interplanar distance in a length of 0.335 to 0.340 nm (claim 2.) Takami et al. (US 5,340,670) does not teach an additive to the electrolyte comprising a substituted diphenyl sulfide derivative. Yoshimitsu (US 4,888,255), however, teaches a non-aqueous electrochemical cell containing a lithium anode, a cathode, an electrolyte and a separator (see example 1.) An aromatic compound is added to the electrolyte solution (col. 3, line 60) that may be diphenyl disulfide and derivatives thereof including halogens (see col. 4, lines 9-18.) The amount of aromatic compound is added in the amount of 0.01 mol/L (claims.) It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the additive into the

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cell of Takami et al. (US 5,340,670) in the cell of Yoshimitsu (US 4,888,255) as it would react with the surface of the electrode at the interface of the electrolyte and allow for the uniform release of lithium ions into solution upon discharge. This prevents a voltage drop at the initial stage of discharge of the cell as shown in Takami et al. (US 5,340,670).

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 13-34 are allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

The instant claims are to a non-aqueous secondary battery and an electrolytic solution for a battery wherein the electrolytic solution contains a substituted diphenyldisulfide derivative of a claimed formula in an amount of 0.01 to 5 weight percent based on the amount of electrolytic solution. The electrolytic solution further contains a second additive as claimed in the independent claims, such as methyl 2-propyl-carbonate, cyclohexylbenzene or bis(4-methoxyphenyl)disulfide. The most pertinent prior art has been applied. Yoshimitsu (US 4,888,255) teaches a non-aqueous electrochemical cell comprising an anode, a cathode, an electrolyte and a separator (see example 1.) An aromatic compound, such as diphenyl disulfide and derivatives, is added to the electrolyte solution (col. 3, line 60, col. 4, lines 9-18) in the amount of 0.01 mol/L (claims.) The prior art does not teach adding a second additive to the electrolytic solution of Yoshimitsu.

Further, claims 2, 8, and 9 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter.

While the prior art does teach a substituted diphenylsulfide derivative added to an electrolyte solution, it does not teach alkoxy or fluorinated alkyl groups as substituents as defined in claim

1. Thus, this class of compounds, as claimed, is allowable over the prior art as noted.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The cited prior art not relied upon teaches batteries which use unsubstituted diphenylsulfide as an additive. These references give an indication of the state of the art with regard to disulfide additives.

Examiner Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mark Ruthkosky whose telephone number is 571-272-1291. The examiner can normally be reached on FLEX schedule (generally, Monday-Thursday from 9:00-6:30.) If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Patrick Ryan can be reached at 571-272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Mark Ruthkosky
Primary Patent Examiner
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